Room-O-118

HISTORY 376
The History of Indiana

Fall, 1994 | Prof. Trusty, 0246C | Office hours: T&R, 12:30-2, Wed., 10-12

History 376 is a survey of the Hoosier State from the age of the glaciers and the prehistoric Native Americans to the present. We will examine the geography, peoples, and events that molded the history of one Midwestern state in a union of fifty states. We will emphasize the rise of the Calumet Region and follow its twentieth century history in some detail. In the process, we may even divine the meaning of the word "Hoosier."

TEXTS: James Madison, THE INDIANA WAY
Powell Moore, THE CALUMET REGION: INDIANA'S LAST FRONTIER
(1977 paperback edition)

Parallel your readings in the texts with the lectures. Note: The professor will NOT read the text to you; the lectures will follow their own wandering paths.

EXAMS: A midterm and a final examination, which will review course materials from and to dates to be announced. The midterm will be announced at least one week in advance. Both will be all essay.

In lieu of the final exam, you may elect to write a term paper on the Calumet Region since 1945. To be typed, double spaced, and ten to twenty pages in length, the paper is due Tuesday, December 6. Consult the instructor before undertaking this project.

COURSE OUTLINE:

I. Indiana Today: Peoples and Places
II. The Heritage of the Glaciers
III. Native Americans: Miami and Potawatomi
IV. The French Years, 1679-1763
V. The British Years, 1763-1776
VI. The Revolution in the West, 1776-1789
VII. Territorial Days, 1789-1816
VIII. The "Pioneer State," 1816-1850
IX. Sectional Warfare, 1850-1870
X. Transportation Revolutions, 1800-1989
XI. A Maturing Society, 1870-1914
XII. Hoosier Politics, 1816-1789
XIII. The Industrial Revolution, 1850-present
XIV. The Golden Age of Hoosier Lit'rachure
XV. The Emergence of the Calumet, 1880-1920
XVI. Indiana Between Two Wars, 1920-1940
XVII. The Modern Calumet, 1920-1989
XVIII. The Modern State, 1940-1989

TUG 9-6-94

INDIANA CHRONOLOGY

11,000 B.C. or earlier: Man arrives in North America

9,000 B.C.: Paleo-Indians occupy the Great Lakes Country

1492 Columbus rediscovers the New World

1607 Virginia, England's first successful New World colony, established at Jamestown; the colony's charter grants the Virginia Company of London a vast territory which includes the future state of Indiana.

1608 France penetrates the St. Lawrence River Valley, establishes an overseas colony at Quebec

1673 France moves into the Mississippi River Valley; Marquette, Joliet, Hennepin explore Lake Michigan and the Illinois country.

1679 Robert Cavelier, Sieur de la Salle, becomes the first European to reach Indiana

1731 France establishes a fort at Vincennes on the Wabash

1749 France and Great Britain begin a contest for the land between the Great Lakes and the Ohio River

1754 The Seven Years/French and Indian War begins

1755 Braddock's forces destroyed near Ft. Duquesne (Pittsburgh)

1759 Quebec taken by British forces

1760 Montreal taken; Major Robert Rogers takes Detroit and other Great Lakes strongpoints

1763 By the Peace of Paris, France cedes her North American empire to Great Britain; an imperial proclamation almost immediately closes the west to settlers, pending the settlement of Indian problems

1774 The Quebec Act abolishes the claims of Virginia, Pennsylvania, New York, Connecticut to the Ohio country, and adds the upper Midwest to British Canada

1776 The Declaration of Independence separates the new United States from Great Britain

1778 George Rogers Clark seizes Vincennes, loses it, retakes it in 1779, thus establishing Virginia's and America's claim to the west.

1785 A Congressional Land Ordinance provides for an orderly survey and sale of land in the upper Midwest prior to settlement

1787 The Northwest Ordinance provides for government, settlement, and gradual admission to the union of the lands beyond the Ohio River; slavery is excluded from the territory so defined

1800 Congress establishes the Indiana Territory

1811 The Battle of Tippecano breaks Indian power in central Indiana

1816 Indiana admitted to the Union as the 19th state

1825 Robert Owen founds an experimental community at New Harmony

1851 Indiana ratifies its second state constitution

1852 The Studebaker brothers' wagon shop opens in South Bend

1861 The Civil War begins; Indiana will send many thousands off to fight for the union

1862 Richard Gatling invents the machine gun in Indianapolis

1863 Local militia are defeated at the Battle of Corydon, Indiana's only Civil War event

1865 The union is confirmed and the modern United States begins to emerge

1886 Indiana's first gas well drilled at Portland

1889 Benjamin Harrison of Indiana becomes president; Standard Oil opens one of the world's largest refineries at Whiting

1894 Elwood Haynes, who later invented stainless steel, built an early gasoline-powered automobile at Kokomo

1906 US Steel opens the first stage of the world's largest steel mill in the new company town of Gary

1911 The first Indianapolis 500 race is held

1915 The legislature adopts the Workman's Compensation Act and passes a primary election law

1917 130,000 Hoosiers serve in World War I

1933 Under Paul McNutt, Indiana's government is reorganized; dozens of state agencies are combined, and the governor is given increased power

1941 World War II brings 340,000 Hoosiers into uniform

1956 The Indiana Toll Road is completed

1963 A 2 percent sales tax becomes law. The world does not end, but Studebaker does, and South Bend goes into a temporary depression

1965 Indiana's highly political legislative and congressional districts are redrawn under federal mandate

1989 Evan Bayh, a Democrat, is sworn in as governor, and the world again does not end

(9-8-94)

ARE YOU A REGION RAT?

Lance Trusty
Professor of History
Purdue University Calumet

Here's a quiz that will separate the birds of passage in the Calumet from the real Region Rats. Warning: your paper will be graded!

1. Name and locate the world's largest steel mill in 1930? U.S. Steel
2. Where is "The Harbor? East of East Chicago Port of Entry
3. The Indian tribe that once occupied the Calumet Region? Potawatomi Tribe
4. Who "discovered" the Calumet, and when? French-Indiana 1790
5. Who was George Hammond, and why is he famous? Entrepreneur Meat Packer
   Meat Packer Refrigerator Car
6. Who was Elbert Gary? A person who established name for Gary
7. How many colleges and universities are on Calumet Region soil? 5
   VALPARAISO 1859 CALUMET COLLEGE 1960 IND NORTHWEST 1959
8. Which is the largest? Purdue Univ 1994 ENROLLMENT 9200 HYLES ANDERSON 1972
   1945
9. The oldest? Purdue (Vola) 1869 1859, Indiana Univ 1820 Indiana Northwest 1959 ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE 1889
10. Which was almost purchased by the Ku Klux Klan in 1923? Valparaiso
11. The world's largest oil refinery in the 1920s? Standard Oil
12. Which Soviet city was described by Josef Stalin as "the Gary of the Communist world?" Moscow. (MacNeill Cowen)
13. Where and what is "Marktown?" A small settlement between East Chicago & built for workers (Industrialist W. Peter Peterson)
14. What did people bet on in Roby between 1900 and 1930? Black jack & Horse racing
    Boxing
15. Who was "Diana of the Dunes?" A myth
    a doctors daughter glorified woman
16. What was SWOC, and what did it do? Steel Workers Organizing Committee
    1936-42
17. What does "Calumet" mean, anyhow? Refers to Indian pipe
    Peace
18. The nation's largest privately owned printing and binding plant in 1925? Donnelley plant
19. Who once made movies in the Calumet, and where were they made? S & A. In the Teens 1913-1919 Dunes
20. The world's largest cement plant in 1930? Atlas Cement

U.S. By product
Coke & Limestone

Biggest clan was in the Region - Hammond, Ind
(Mostly Middle class people)

Valparaiso Clan Indiana Magazine of History 84-85

21. The 1925 Hammond event that destroyed the "second" Ku Klux Klan in America? charged on Second Degree murder
D.C. Stevenson raped a woman on the way to Hammond. on a train - Indiana Hotel on State and Hohman they stayed

22. What did Octave Chanute do in the Calumet Region?

23. What's so special about the Indiana Dunes? ~~invented~~ the airplane - Glider - how to control
Ecology.

24. How many ethnic groups live in the Calumet? - about 50 - 100

25. What is a pierogi? Is it dangerous? a polish pastry

26. What world's fair was held on northern Indiana soil in 1933 and 1934? [Warning: very tricky question] Sandcastles -

27. The Pulitzer-Prize-winning novel describing Dutch family life in the Calumet in the 1920s? Ethna ~~Fe~~ Ferber

28. America's last surviving interurban railroad? South Shore - Chicago to South Bend.

29. The creator of NIPSCO? - Hauling coal. Samuel Insole

30. The world's largest electrical generating plant in 1930? In Business 1927
1924 Commonwealth Edison

31. This gangster robbed an East Chicago bank, was later arrested in Arizona, escaped from the county jail at Crown Point, and died in a Chicago shootout. John Dillinger

32. Why was it said that no one in his/her right mind would rob a bank in Hammond? Railroads - No Avenues out or routes leading out.

33. How many banks operated in Hammond in 1929? 8

34. How many remained early in 1933? 0 zero remained

35. What geological oddities lie under Route 30, Ridge Road, and 169th Street? Lake Shore beaches.

36. Who almost transformed Munster into the "Aeroplane Capital of the World" in the 1920s? Henry Ford

37. How long did it take to build Interstate 80-94 between the Indiana-Illinois state line and Michigan? 20 yrs
48-64 Afraid of Toll Rd Business (one mile a year)

38. Who is Mladen Sekulevich? Karl Maulder

39. What river forms the southern boundary of Lake and Porter Counties? Kankakee River

40. What is a "CBS dinner?" Chicken, Beef - Sausage.

41. What and where was the "Seedling Mile?" 2 Miles long.
Late 1920's U.S. 30 HISTORICAL MONUMENT BY MYERS CASTLE 1929

42. Where is the "Nine Span Bridge?"
Indiana Blvd - over abandent tracks

43. Which Hammond building has an inscription over its doorway ending with "And God said, let there be light?" Hammond Light Co.

44. What is a czarnina? Does it bite? Dutch Blood Soup

45. In popular legend, what was "Tacos Joe" famous for? Tacos made from cats a myth.

46. Which restaurant serves the best Mexican food in the Calumet? El Taco Real - Hammond.

47. On what fateful day did the Northwest Indiana Symphony give its first concert? Dec 7/41

48. Name and locate the first industry in the Calumet Region. Grave Tank. Oil Tanks

49. The origins of the name Woodmar? Woods and Marter realty Company.

50. Where in the Calumet was "Oklahoma?" Construction gangs live in To build the refineries 1880

51. Where was the infamous "red fence" that surrounded "evil" or "haunted" ground? East Chicago Evil or Haunted

52. When was the Region's longest steel strike? 1959 116 days.

53. Who was the "gentleman ditchdigger?" Orin Hart

54. For whom was Hessville named? Joseph Hess. ~~Post~~ Post Office Master

55. Name the Hammond-based manufacturer of a nationally distributed potato digger. Ok Champion Kneneson Auto Cadillac

56. Who first occupied the "Goldblatt Building" in Hammond? Coffman + Wolfe Lenan story

57. Which political party ruled the Calumet for decades with little opposition, filled the jails with convicted officeholders, and was finally turned out of office en masse by enraged voters? GOP Republicans

58. Who was Hammond's "Millionaire Newsboy?" Weiss

59. A large public building erected in Hammond in one day? Tradesman's History of Hammond Since Treaty Victory Hall

60. Which president dedicated Wicker Park? (Coolage Calvin)

61. Where was Danceland? Madura Danceland 5 corners in Whiting

62. This NFL football team hired professional football's first black coach. Art Shell Los angles Raiders

SCORING: 50 or more correct: Congratulations, you're a Region Rat
35-49 correct: Knowledgeable migrant
25-34 correct: Recent transferee
Under 25 correct: Rank greenhorn